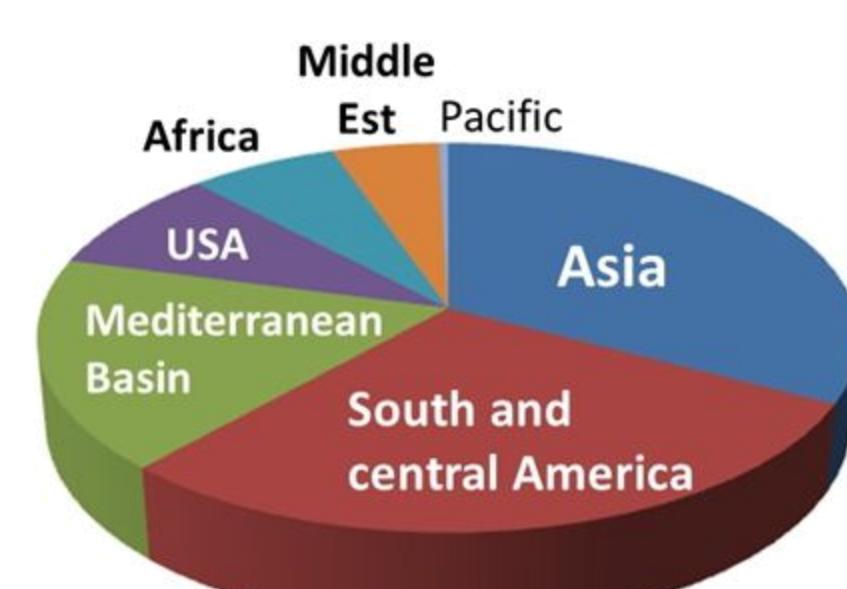


Citrus genomic, genetics and breeding for sustainable citrus industry in Mediterranean and Tropical areas

Innovative cultivars and rootstock are key components to promote sustainable citrus industry



The citrus industry is threatened by increasing biotic and abiotic constraints that are and is particularly affected by climate change.

- Citrus are cultivated worldwide between 40° north and south latitude
- First world fruit crop production (125MT)

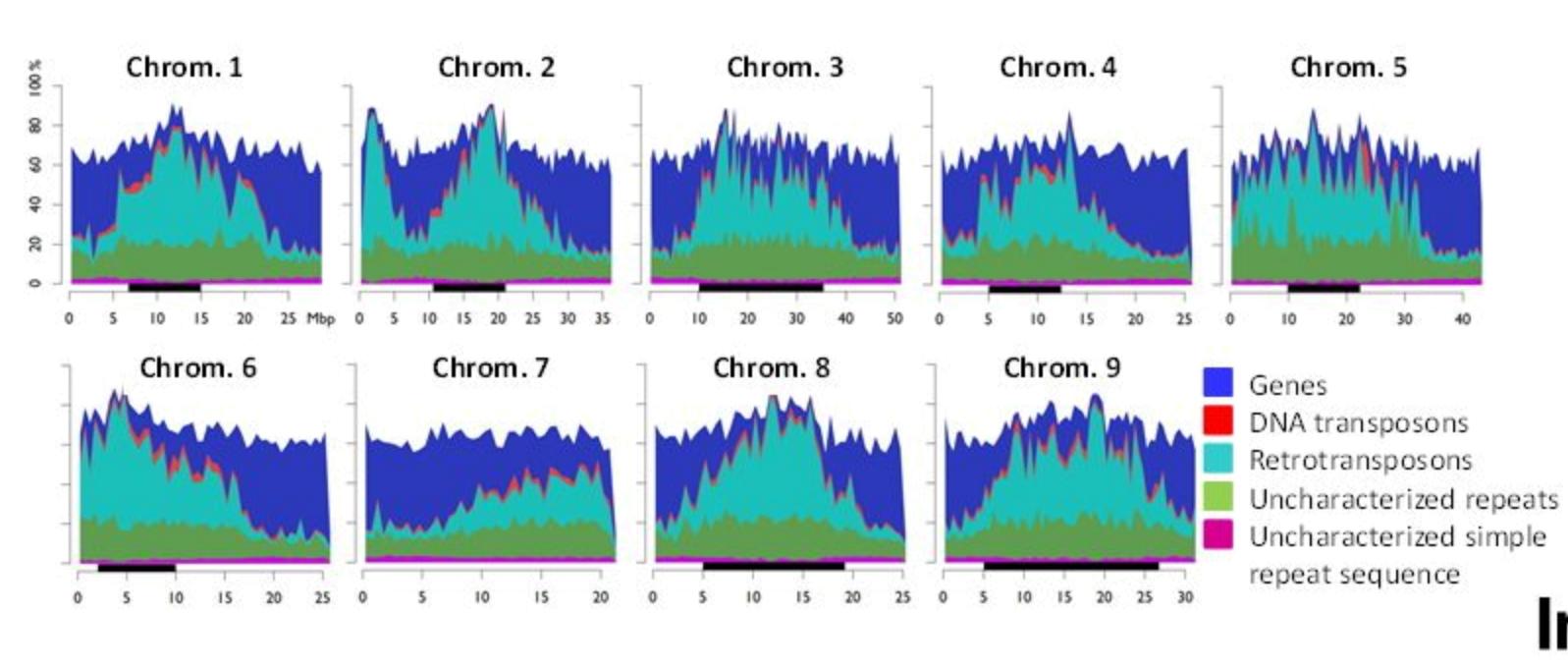


1: Phytophthora; 2: Cercosporiosis; 3: citrus tristeza virus; 4: Diaprepes; 5: Huanglongbing; 6: Iron chlorosis; 7: chloride leaf burning

Implementation of a high quality reference genome sequence and genetic maps

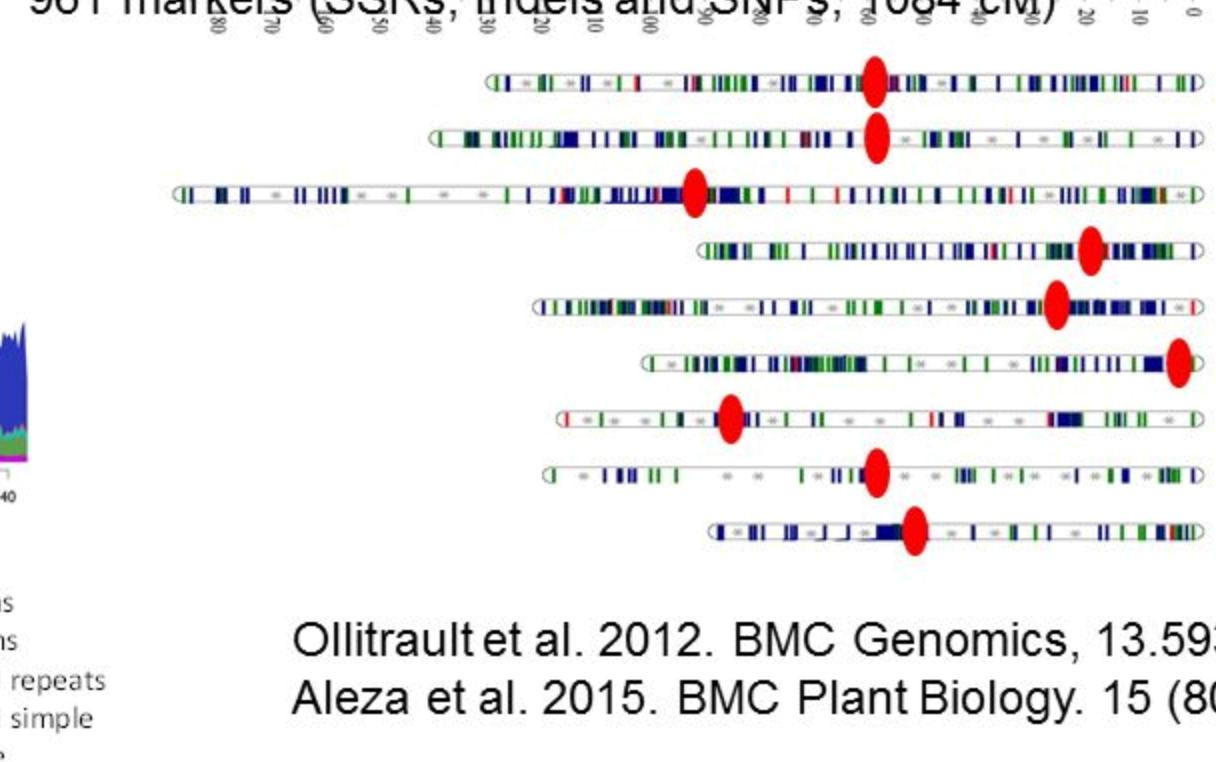
Haploid Clementine sequence International Citrus Genome Consortium

Sanger 6x + Illumina 30x
Pseudomolecules assembly
286 Mb for the 9 main scaffolds
gene annotation: 24533 genes
(<http://www.phytozome.net/cgi-bin/gbrowse/clementine/>)



Clementine genetic map and centromere mapping from half tetrad analysis

ICGC and AGAP/IVIA collaboration
961 markers (SSRs, Indels and SNPs; 1084 cM)



Ollitrault et al. 2012. BMC Genomics, 13:593.

Aleza et al. 2015. BMC Plant Biology, 15 (80)

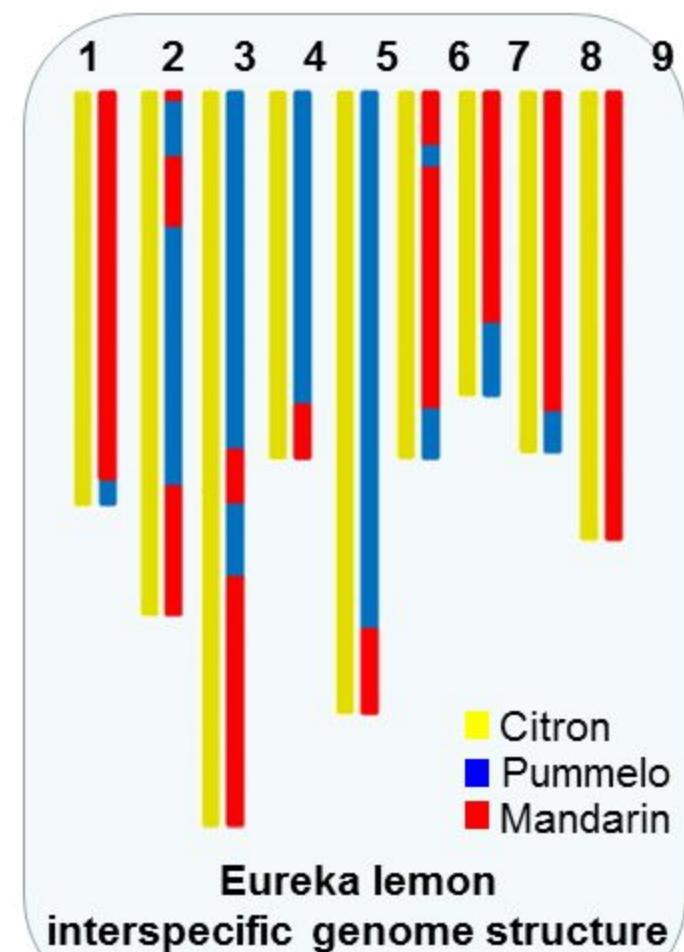
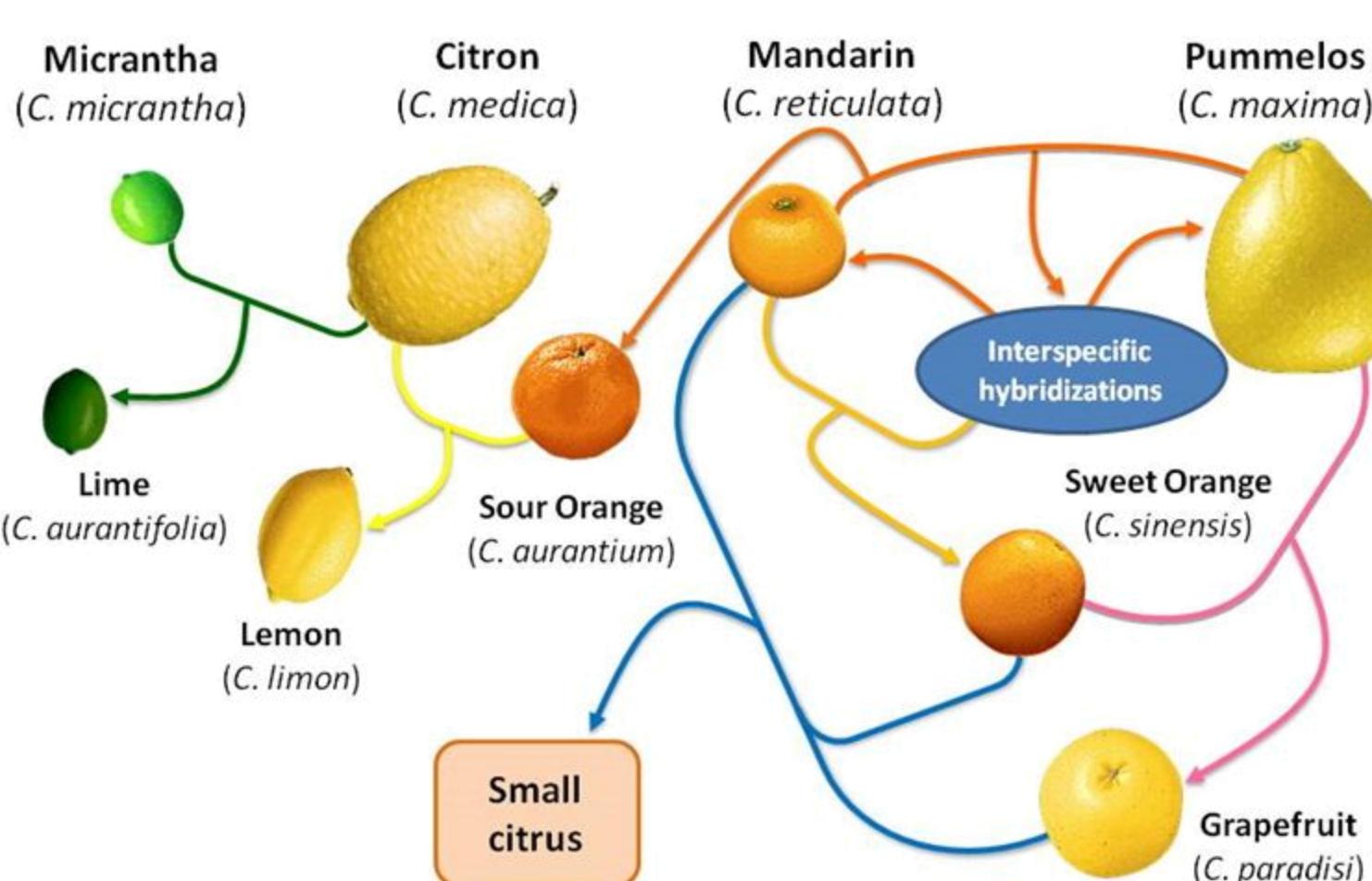
Inter-specific comparative mapping

Ollitrault et al. 2012. BMC Genomics, 13:593.

Ollitrault et al. 2011. Acta Hort. (ISHS) 1065:561-573

Wu et al. 2014. Nature Biotechnology, 32, 656-662.

Deciphering the origin and interspecific mosaic genomes of modern citrus varieties



Froelicher et al. 2011. Tree Genetics and Genomes, 7 (1): 49-61.

Ollitrault et al. 2012. BMC Genomics, 13:13.

Garcia Lor et al. 2013. Annals of Botany, 111 (1): 1-19.

Curk et al. 2015. Plos 10 (5): e0125628

Ollitrault et al. 2015. Acta Hort. (ISHS) 1065:457-466

Curk et al., 2016. Annals of Botany, 117(4):565-83. DOI: 10.1093/aob/mcw005

Curk et al. 2014. BMC Genetics, 15:152

Curk F. 2014. PHD. Ecole Doctoral SIBAGHE, Un. Mtp 2

Wu et al. 2014. Nature Biotechnology, 32, 656-662

Analysis of meiotic behaviors, sexual recombination, ploidy effect and phenotypic traits inheritance in diploids and polyploids

Mechanisms of sexual polyploidization and genetic structure of polyploid progenies

Second Division Restitution (SDR) is the predominant mechanism of sexual polyploidization in citrus

CIRAD/IVIA collaboration

Cuenca et al. 2011. Heredity, 107, 462-470.

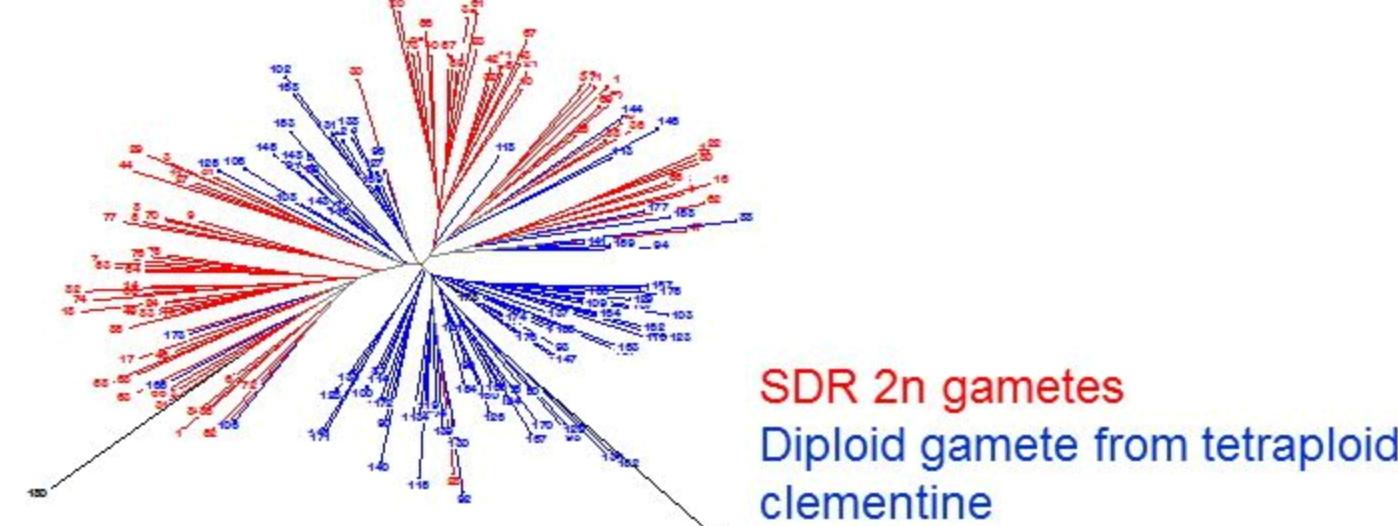
Cuenca et al. 2015. Scientific reports, 5 (9897) : 11 p.

Intermediate inheritance with respectively preferential tetrasomic and disomic tendencies are found in interspecific and intergeneric tetraploid citrus

Kamiri et al. 2011. Plant Cell Rep 30:1415-1425

Kamiri et al. 2012. ISC congress, Valencia, Spain

2n gametes from SDR and diploid gametes from doubled diploid clementine present complementary polymorphisms

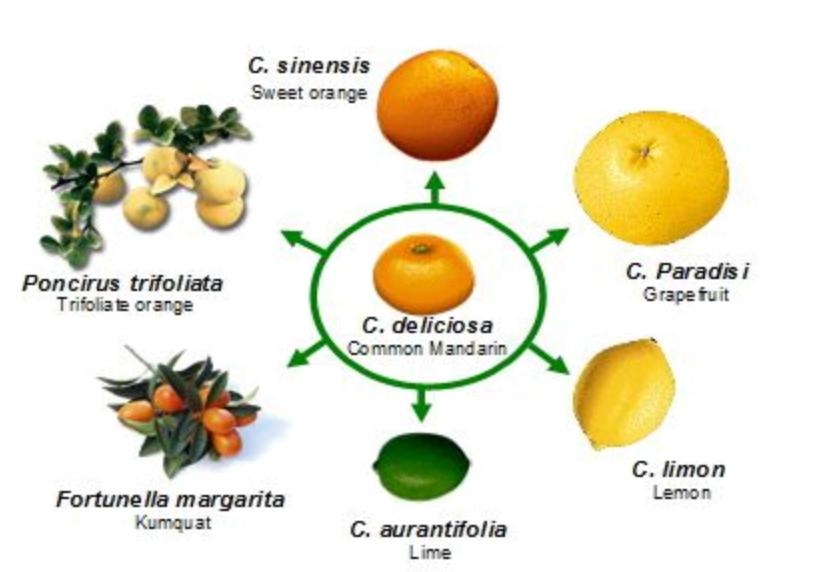


CIRAD/IVIA collaboration

Aleza et al. 2016. Plant Cell Reports. DOI: 10.1007/s00299-016-1972-4

Impact of polyploidy and interspecificity in transcriptome, proteome and phenotype (quality and adaptation)

Dominance of *C. deliciosa* in somatic allotetraploid hybrids



• Transcriptome level

Bassene et al. 2010. Heredity, 105 (3): 299-308

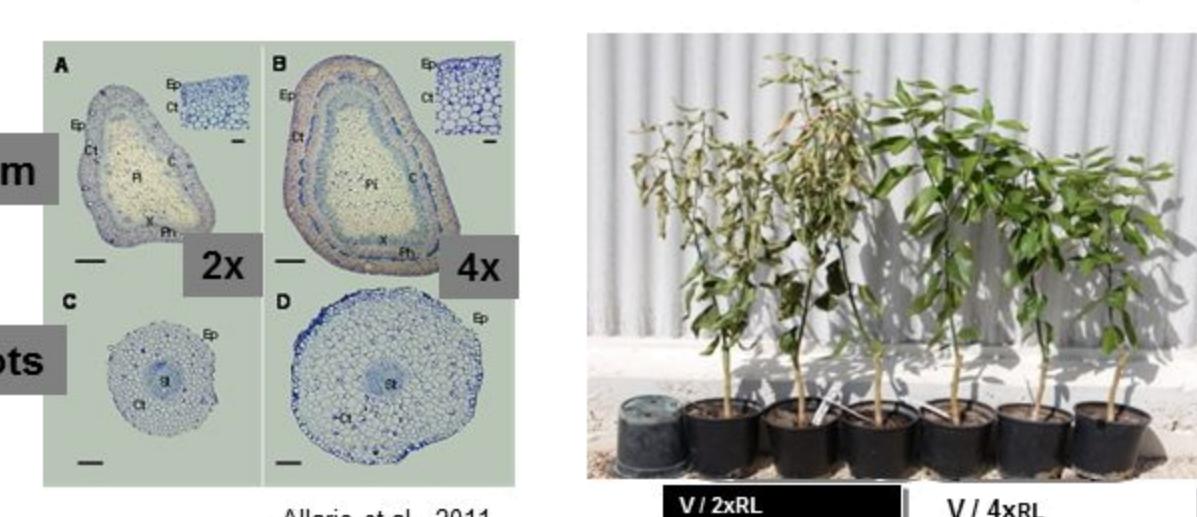
• Proteome level

Gancel et al. 2006. J. Agric. Food Chem., 54 , 6212 - 6218

• Aromatic compounds level

Gancel et al. 2003. J. Agric. Food Chem., 51, 6006-6013

Polyplody modifies anatomy and physiology; tetraploid rootstocks confer an enhanced adaptation to abiotic stresses



Saleh et al. 2008. Comptes Rendus Biologies, 331 (9): 703-710.

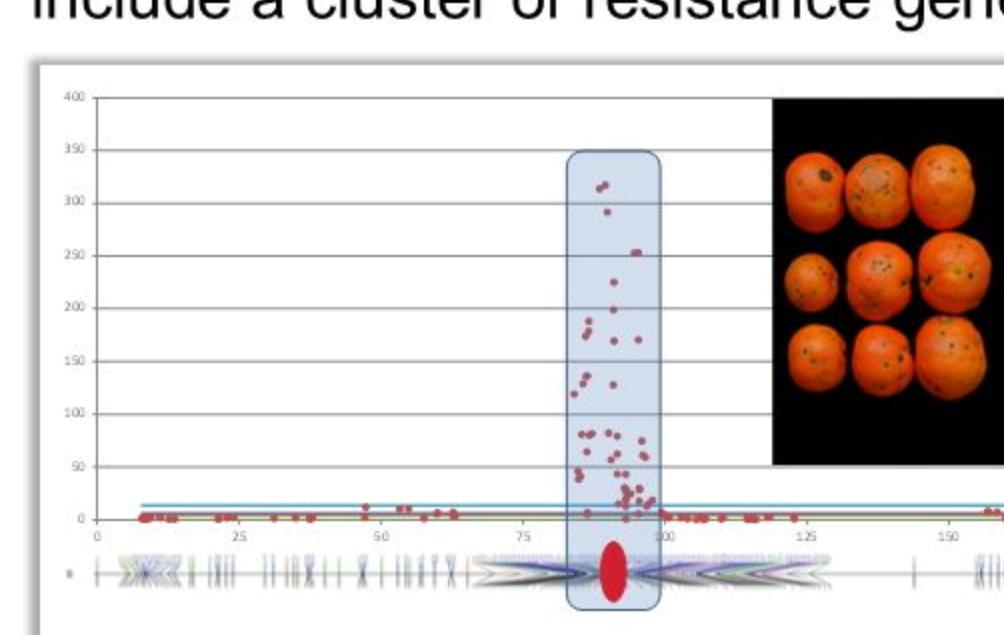
Allario et al. 2011.. Journal of Experimental Botany, 62 (8): 2507-2519

Allario et al. 2013 . Plant, Cell & Environment, 36 (4): 856-868.

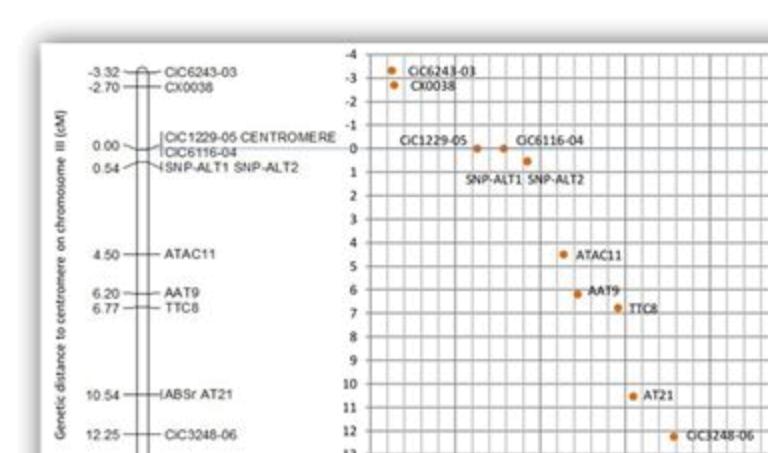
Better water deficit tolerance of sweet orange grafted onto tetraploid rootstocks (right) than onto diploid ones (left)

Genetic determinism and search of genes implied in useful phenotypic diversity

Resistance to *Alternaria alternata* in mandarins is a recessive trait controlled by a single region of chromosome III that include a cluster of resistance genes



BSA in triploid progenies reveals a single region for *A. alternata* resistance close to Chromosome III centromere



Using genetic mapping a 5 cm flanking area was located where a cluster of 33 resistance genes is identified by gene ontology analysis

IVIA/CIRAD collaboration

Cuenca et al. 2013. PLoS One, 8 (10), e76755.

Optimized breeding strategies and methods

- Ploidy manipulation
- Somatic hybridization for additions of dominant traits
- Seedless triploid breeding
- Reconstruction of the genomes of the main modern species from ancestral taxa germplasm
- Marker assisted selection



High quality seedless triploid cultivars



Tetraploid rootstock adapted to biotic and abiotic stresses